HAPPY SAINT PATRICK'S DAY

Glendon Vol. 22, No. 17
6

The referenda are - in'the bank would come from. want and don't let the funding sys-

Constitution of the student and is campaigning for page you.

D. Bradley and on the upswing. RG has a profile perpetual.

and on the upswing. RG has a brand new constitution, is mo-

ing to brand new studios, and has just elected a new brand 

name station manager.

In the first-ever staff election for the station manager, Chey-

enne Lee was chosen by the members "in good standing" of 

RG for the 1983/84 term of office. In former years the man-

ager was not chosen by the staff but rather was hired - like 

the business managers and the handbook editors. By the 

closest ballot had to 

be cast on the top two candi-

dates (Ken and Cheyenne) and 

this time, although the votes were so close, Cheyenne won.

No radical changes to RG were proposed in the short speeches 

of the two candidates for the position. Jim Kivinen, the 

eventual winner, Cheyenne Lee. Both Ken and Cheyenne have 

two years experience at Radio Glendon and both have been 

members of this year's RG executive while Jim has only one year 

of experience and was not part of the executive. The vote was 

so close that a second ballot had to be undertaken by the elector-

ate. The selected Representative will have to 

justify the decision of the Union. We believe that the 

Massachusetts Union decides how much to give 

to certain Glendon organizations. This means that the 

Union next year RG will also be 

able to have the Board of Directors of the station. Hope-

fully next year RG will also be broadcasting to the Junior Com-

The referenda are coming... See editorial "To Have or Have Not" on page 6

CONTINUED ON PAGE 10

WILL THE REAL ISSUES PLEASE STAND UP?

by Jas

March 14, 1983 will be an important date for Glendon Col-

lege. On that day students will be asked to ratify constitutional Amendments to the G.C.S.U. Constitution and endorse the newly drafted Radio Glendon Constitution. The students will also be voting on a revised funding system for student organiza-

tions.

Amendments to the G.C.S.U. Constitution include the cre-

ation of the post of a Vice-President Finance and provisions for hiring a Bookkeeper. The G.C.S.

U. executive feels that a V.P. Finance would help streamline the budgetary process and also make someone directly responsible for the financial affairs of the Student Union. Further, they feel that the position of the V.P. Finance would solve the pro-

blem of accountability to the electorate.

Before the Bookkeeper's job, the on other hand, would be to look after the day to day operations of the G.C.S.U. and to keep records of all daily transactions. Student Senator Wayne Burnet believes that it is necessary to have someone paid to keep the G.C.S.U. clean.

The Amendments also propose a new system for the ap-

pointment/election of Course Union Representatives. Under the new system the V.P. Aca-

demic will chair a committee whose sole duty would be to select Course Union Representa-

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Another interesting clause in the Amendments is one that al-

lows the G.C.S.U. to pay hon-

orariums. Any Glendon student will be eligible for an honorarium of twenty-five dollars for out-

standing efforts and diligent effort. Further, any one person will be eligible for up to five such honorariums.

Vice-President Communications Steve Phillips, commenting on the necessity of these amendments, said "these Constitu-

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11.55 to 10.00 a.m.

The G.C.S.U. is strongly in favour of supporting student organizations on campus to be far more beneficial than funding a mori-

bund student movement.

In one extremely well-written document Radio Glendon has outlined its functional base. The referendum will sit on the Board of Directors of the station. Hope-

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RG PICKS NEW STATION MANAGER

by Rith D. Bradley

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AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL

Dr. Federico Allodi, head of the Transcultural Psychiatry Unit of the U. of T. will be giving a lecture Friday, March 18 from noon to 2 pm on York’s main campus; room 330 (Art Gallery), Bethune College. The topic: TORTURE IN LATIN AMERICA: ORIGINS AND CONSEQUENCES. This lecture is sponsored by Amnesty International Groups of the York and Glendon campuses, and by Bethune College.

This talk will examine the psychosocial preconditions for torture, and its effects on individuals, families and communities from an epidemiological and multidisciplinary point of view. The geographical focus of the talk is Latin America.

Dr. Allodi, born in Spain, is a founding member of the Medical Group of Amnesty International Canada. He is the author of a number of articles in psychiatric and medical journals on the subject of torture and its effects in the Latin American context. He is currently engaged in a large scale comparative study of immigrants, refugees and torture victims living in Toronto.

ROTHMAN BOYCOTT

The York University Graduate Students’ Association has decided to join the international boycott on Carling-O’Keefe and Rothman’s products. On Feb. 25, 1983, a group of concerned graduate students came to the pub management board for the YUGSA-controlled Grad Lounge with a request to boycott those companies’ products – in particular, the popular beer Carlsberg.

The group stated that a boycott of these companies, which are controlled by South African interests, would demonstrate solidarity with the people struggling against the apartheid regime in South Africa. The request marked the beginning of a campus-wide campaign to persuade all York pubs to join the boycott. The group will print explanatory pamphlets to be distributed in the Grad Lounge.

For more information, contact Dave Moore 667-4270 or 661-9892; or Scott Sinclair 667-5257 or 534-8437; or Dan Shea 667-2527 or 663-2142.

NEWS FLASH! C.H.O.I.C.E.S. is arriving at Glendon!

Question: Of the thousands of occupations in the world of work, which is the best one for you?

Answer: Ask CHOICES. (beginning April 4, 1983)

CHOICES is a talking computer. It provides up-to-date information in French or English, to assist people in making thoughtful and rewarding career decisions. CHOICES puts the whole world of work at your fingertips!

Sign-up now for help with preparing for your conversation with CHOICES in the Career Centre. Room 116, Glendon Hall. Call 487-6154.

MORE NOTES see pages 10 & 11

DECISION ON THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT CENTRE

The long-awaited Sexual Harassment Education and Complaint Centre may soon be opening its doors. The Centre was originally scheduled to be operational for the 1982-83 school year but all plans had to be put on hold when a complaint of sexual discrimination against the Centre was brought to the Ontario Human Rights Commission (O.H.R.C.). In advertising for the position of Coordinator of the Centre, eligibility was restricted to candidates of the female sex. (See Pro Tem, Jan. 31, 1983.)

Last week the University released a statement concerning the final decision in the case. The O.H.R.C. did not accept the University’s position that the stipulation as to sex constituted a reasonable and bona fide qualification because of the nature of the employment (Human Rights Code, s.23). The University had argued the overwhelming likelihood that potential complainants to the Centre would be female and that it was important to provide a non-threatening environment to encourage such individuals to come forward.

The O.H.R.C. decided that it was inappropriate to depart from the merit principle in hiring, other than in the context of a Commission-approved affirmative action program, regardless of whether the qualifications of the candidates were better than those achieved. The O.H.R.C. officers decided that it was not appropriate to depart from the merit principle in hiring, other than in the context of a Commission-approved affirmative action program, regardless of whether the qualifications of the candidates were better than those achieved.

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The O.H.R.C. decided that it was inappropriate to depart from the merit principle in hiring, other than in the context of a Commission-approved affirmative action program, regardless of whether the goals might be in terms of dealing effectively with sexual harassment.

The University has agreed to readvertise the position of Coordinator without specification of sex as a criterion for eligibility and we can expect the opening of this much needed institution in the not too distant future.

Recipe extracted from FOOD 101: A STUDENT GUIDE TO QUICK AND EASY COOKING by Cathy Smith, available at your bookstore or from The Canadian Student Book Club, 46 Harbord St, Toronto Ontario M5S 1G2 for only $7.95

Reach for the Star. Seagram’s Five Star.
THE ‘RILL’ DIFFERENCE

by Elizabeth McCallister & David H. Olivier

This is a follow-up to the lead article in last week’s issue of Pro Tem on Rill Foods’ takeover of catering at Glendon. The information in this article comes from interviews with Patrick Leone (Chairman Glendon Food and Beverage Committee), and Warren Rill (President, Rill Foods) and information from the Glendon Food and Beverage meeting of March 3.

Rill Foods was originally founded by Warren Rill in Quebec, but has since moved its head offices to Toronto. Last year, there was a student boycott against Rill Foods at York Main because of a mid-year price increase. At the Food and Beverage Committee meeting, Dave Sword (V.P. Internal) asked Normal Crandles (Housing and Food Services Manager) if Glendon would be subjected to the same treatment. Crandles replied ‘no’ and said he had been ‘ordered’ not to have it happen again. He also explained why the price increase occurred: last year, the combination of 12% inflation and Rill’s purchases of $75,000 worth of dishes forced Rill to either lose thousands of dollars or raise prices. They chose the latter, and food prices rose 2½% in January. (This is the last time it will happen at York, because the cost of purchasing new dishes is now covered in the new contract.)

Rill’s prices will be higher than Beaver’s, but this is because Rill attempts to provide a better quality of food. Rill has asked for a 4% price increase over their York Main prices of this year. This brings up the question of negotiating price increases. Although Crandles felt the question posed by Bob MacInman (Co-Chairman of Glendon Food and Beverage Committee) whether or not Glendon would have the right to accept Rill price increases at York Main was ‘valid’, he replied that we would have to accept the price increase. Part of the purpose was to get parity between York and Glendon prices. Crandles said, however, Patrick Leone replied. By getting Rill price down here, Glendon will not be secluded. It will have more leverage. By discussing things with Complexes I and II (both catered by Rill) and Food and Beverage, Leone feels that ‘we’re in a good situation this way.’

As far as renovations are concerned, both Crandles and Warren Rill are in agreement: Rill Foods will be paying for the changes. Rill estimates the cost to be between $70,000 and $100,000, while Crandles figures it to be between $100,000 and $125,000, but adds it’s just my guess.

Every service in the cafeteria will be a trial and error basis for the first few months, according to Rill. Previous experiences at Complexes I and II have taught that students would like to have the deli bars open on weekends for sandwiches. However, the delis will be supplemented by the pizzeria and short-order grill.

The pizzeria will serve fresh made pizza. You’ll see the guy tossing the dough in the air, describes Rill. Three different kinds of pizzas with fresh toppings will be offered for sale by the piece or by the pie. As well, spaghetti and meat sauce will be served.

The short-order grill will feature a regular menu plus a daily special. The special will consist of items like souvlaki and salad one day, and New York sirloin another. Items such as liver will also be sold at the grill. The regular menu will consist of hamburgers, hot dogs, omelettes, grilled cheese sandwiches and other foods that can be cooked on a charbroil grill. Rill will have an experienced short-order cook manning the grill, and hopes that the cook will be fully bilingual. Thus, one can order a ‘chien chaud’ or ‘un bifteck’ as easily as one can order hot dogs or steak.

Rill also hopes to have a carvery at weekend dinners, serving items such as ham, roast beef, and turkey. As mentioned last week, the Cafe Montreal will be fully licensed to accommodate students’ tastes. Rill stated that just as there are people who like milk or coffee with their meals too are there people who like wine, beer, or mixed drinks with dinner. People who go to the pub are there to drink, says Rill, while people who come to the Cafe Montreal want dinner and drinks. With this more relaxed atmosphere, the hours will be extended to at least 11 p.m., and perhaps even midnight or 1 a.m., in order to provide students with late evening meal service, and the time to enjoy their meals and drinks. He is also considering having the Cafe Montreal open late on weekends as well. Rill is ‘not sure on live entertainment,’ but he knows that no bands will be used, because they are too noisy and take up too much space. He would prefer to see a guitarist – or accordionist ‘break up the monotony’ on a night that is otherwise normally slow. ‘Good business practice’, Rill puts it.

Finally, although Crandles said he wouldn’t press the issue of student jobs, and wasn’t worried about it, Leone stated Rill is still a private organization with its own personnel policies. Rill does advertise all part-time positions on campus, but in his experience, finds most students do not want to work in their own cafeteria, but will work at other catereries. Notwithstanding, the positions will be posted.

And that, in a nutshell, is Rill Foods. Over the next three years, we’re going to get to know them very well. Hopefully, it will be a warm and enjoyable friendship.

You are eligible for OYEP if:
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Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing
Subsidies Branch
Queen’s Park
Toronto, Ontario
M7A 2R8

If you’re between the ages of 15 and 24 and you want to work this summer, Ontario can help businesses and farmers hire you — by helping to pay your wages. Through the Ontario Youth Employment Program — OYEP — Ontario will pay $1.25 an hour, up to a maximum of $50 a week, towards the salary of every eligible young person hired.

WHAT CAN YOU DO? Read this ad and make sure you are eligible. Then, cut it out and take it with you when you apply for summer jobs. Employers may be interested in learning more about OYEP.

OYEP is a popular program. Funds are limited, so apply as soon as possible.

Pro Tem Le 14 mars 1983 page 3
RAPPORT SUR LA SOUMISSION DU CONTRAT DE RESTAURATION 1983

COLLEGE GLENDON

Un comité de soumissions fut formé à partir du comité des services de restauration (UFBSC), avec la participation du directeur des services auxiliaires, du directeur administratif du collège Glendon ainsi que deux étudiants membres du comité des services de restauration de Glendon. (FSC) Voici la composition du comité:

A.R. Dawson—directeur des services auxiliaires
C. Summerhayes—président (UFBSC)
P. Leone—président FSC*
A. Advani—membre FSC*
C. Lambert—ombudsman, services de restauration, Glendon
D.A. Nesbitt—gérant des finances
J. Aubin-Roy—directeur administratif (Glendon)
N.D. Crandles—gérant du service d'hébergement et de restauration (secrétaire)

*Ces deux étudiants de Glendon furent ajoutés suite à la démission de M. R. Mawhinney, co-président FSC.

Les soumissions furent sollicitées et les entrepreneurs avertis que l'université accepterait les soumissions qui offraient le plus haut taux de revenus pour l'université. De plus, on cherchait une compagnie qui était à la fois propriétaire et opérateur.

Les invitations furent envoyées à quatorze compagnies qui avaient déjà exprimé un intérêt pour ce contrat. Des annonces furent aussi placées dans les quotidiens suivants:

- Toronto Sun—le 3 décembre 1982
- Globe and Mail—le 4 décembre 1982
- Toronto Star—le 5 décembre 1982

Le résultat de ces annonces: quarante compagnies demandèrent les spécifications de l'adjudication et 10 d'entre elles, ont plus tard soumises des offres.

Les offres furent dévoilées en présence du comité de soumissions lundi le 17 janvier 1983 et circulées pour étude individuelle par les membres du comité. Durant la période d'évaluation, le comité, par processus d'élimination unanime, a réduit le nombre des soumissionnaires à trois. C'est-à-dire Elite Food Services Ltd., Beaver Foods Ltd., et Rill Food Services Ltd. Les trois ont fait une présentation devant les membres du comité et ont répondu aux questions de ceux-ci.

En tout et partout, le comité s’est rencontré 5 fois. Le comité était unanime en approuvant les critères de sélection ci-dessous:

- la capacité d'améliorer la qualité et le service tel que promis
- la capacité de rénover l'équipement et les lieux utilisés
- la possibilité de renverser et de stabiliser les résultats financier de l'université

Le comité était aussi unanime à recommander Rill Food Services Ltd. pour un contrat de trois ans avec une option de renouvellement de deux ans par l’un ou l’autre signataire, (Sujet à la clause habituelle de cancellation mutuelle après 30 jours.) Les raisons qui ont favorisé le choix de Rill Food Services Ltd. sont les suivant:

- une performance connue et acceptable au campus principal
- la parité pour tous les étudiants résidents en terme de qualité, de services et de prix
- le contrat est séparé et indépendant du contrat avec le campus Keele
- le plan de rénovation était plus vaste et plus imaginatif
- les conditions financières étaient plus favorables.

Cette recommandation a été acceptée par le président de l'université, sujet à l'acceptation des derniers détails. La date effective du début du contrat est le 1er mai 1983 et les rénovations doivent être complétées avant le début de l’année académique 1983-84.

C'est un grand changement pour le collège Glendon. C'est une transition qui demandera la coopération et la bonne volonté de tous, si l'on veut que les changements se réalisent dans le peau de temps que nous avons à notre disposition.

Le comité de soumission a travaillé très fort pour arriver à une décision très difficile, mais nous sommes confiants que nous sommes sur le bon chemin et que cette décision sera avantageuse, et pour l'université York et pour la communauté du collège Glendon.

Plus de détails suivront et la communauté du collège Glendon sera tenu au courant de tout nouveau développements.

Norman D. Crandles
secrétaire
service d'adjudication
Glendon (1983)
**GLENDON WOMEN UNITE!**

by Michele Mougeot and Lynne Watt

On March 3, 1983, International Women's Day was celebrated at Glendon College, in memory of the earlier struggles and combat which women had banded together to demand better wages, better working conditions, the vote and equality. It was a day of expressing women about the inequities that still remain for women in today's society. It was also a day to celebrate women's victories and their pride in being women.

The Glendon College Women's Collective had organized a whole day of special events. The Heatii Room became a morning drop-in centre for women interested in taking part in discussions lead by Kay McPherson. Lynda Ryan-Nye came to speak on 'The Constitution'. Ronnie Leah spoke on 'Day Care and Women's Work', (her main points will be mentioned in a later issue of Pro Tem). Afterward, celebrations were continued in the Senior Common Room.

Lynda Ryan-Nye, who has worked extensively for women's rights, spoke to men and women and the Canadian Constitution to illustrate how women and men are affected by the new charter, and what is being done (or in many cases, not being done) to ensure the fair treatment of women in the Constitution.

She strongly feels that the position of women under the Constitution is very important in influencing the laws of the country. Lynda Ryan-Nye has long realized the need to encourage more women to become interested in politics, to become involved in political activities, and to keep an eye on the editing of charters. Lynda Ryan-Nye has stated emphatically that 'if the constitution is designed and written totally by men, it will reflect the equal male view of today and tomorrow. The Constitution, it is truly reflected and benefit Canadian society, must represent the views of both men and women.'

Clearly, then, women must play a significant role in the decision-making process of the future. The fact that a charter is not negotiated with women, then it is not negotiated for women. When the Constitution was put into committee, it was presented to the public for input. Women made several important criticisms and proposals, and honed down their list of major concerns to under ten. Of these, only one major change was accepted by Jean Chrétien: the equality clause for human beings, section 15(1) and (2) which declares: 'Every individual is equal before and under the law and has the right to the equal protection and equal benefit of the law without discrimination and, in particular, without discrimination based on race, national or ethnic origin, colour, religion, sex, age, or mental or physical disability.'

In the words of Lynda Ryan-Nye, it is 'the real guts of equality in the Charter of Rights and Freedom.' Its original form, it stated that all Canadians, regardless of sex, age, religion, race etc., are 'equal before the law.' This one little word could have been used to institutionalize inequality. The clause meant that the law, as it exists, must be applied in a non-discriminatory fashion. But if the existing laws are discriminatory, any inequality that results from them is constitutionally acceptable. Because women realized the importance of the law being free of discrimination, they requested that the phrase 'equal before the law' be changed to equal 'under the law,' which means that all laws must be non-discriminatory.

The reaction of the government (both federal and provincial) in British Columbia was cautious in the extreme. While government officials now realize that it is no longer desirable to be unliberated publicly, they were hesitant to take direct action. They admit that there might be a few discriminatory laws on the books, and realize full well that these laws would be superseded if Section 15 were to be put into effect.

Not wanting to deal with the problem, Clause 15 (1), (2) was sent back to the committee and is, therefore, only the section of the Charter which is not yet in effect. A study period of three years (until April 1985) has been deemed necessary for the committee to completely examine all aspects and implications of this equality clause.

The important question is: Who will be interpreting this section 15 (1), (2)? The committee is headed by a man, so it is imperative that women speak out and keep an eye on the auditing procedures. All of the provincial governments have signed an international Covenant prohibiting discrimination against women, and women must hold them to it!

**WOMEN IN A GAY MEN'S WORLD**

By Anne Evans of the Muse for Canadian University Press

'I like coming here to a gay bar because I'm generally misunderstood by straight people, men and women. I love the guys because they accept me for what I am and I can be myself with them. Explains Sharon, who frequents The Zoo, probably the gayest of all gay men.' There are a lot of women who share this sentiment but society has found labels for them - 'fag hags' and 'fruit flies'.

The word gay and gay men can learn a lot from another; because they don't see each other as sex objects they can be very open and honest about their sexuality, giving them a chance to explore each other. Both gay men and straight women are victimized by society. Each can identify with the other's oppression and that creates a bond: says one man. He feels many of the so-called 'fag hags' are looking for a support group and the gay community fills that need.

On any night at the Zoo, you will notice an unusual amount of physical contact - touching and hugging between the men and women. It's a boost to your ego to be touched by a member of the opposite sex, especially without sexual overtones. It restores your faith in human nature. The fact that they are not drawn together solely because of sex shows a need and willingness to communicate. But there are still barriers between the two. At least these people are exploring each other's world and breaking barriers to communicating.

**GAY AWARENESS DAY**

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**GLENDON WOMEN UNITE!**

by Michele Mougeot and Lynne Watt

On March 3, 1983, International Women's Day was celebrated at Glendon College, in memory of the earlier struggles and combat which women had banded together to demand better wages, better working conditions, the vote and equality. It was a day of expressing women about the inequities that still remain for women in today's society. It was also a day to celebrate women's victories and their pride in being women.

The Glendon College Women's Collective had organized a whole day of special events. The Heatii Room became a morning drop-in centre for women interested in taking part in discussions lead by Kay McPherson. Lynda Ryan-Nye came to speak on 'The Constitution'. Ronnie Leah spoke on 'Day Care and Women's Work', (her main points will be mentioned in a later issue of Pro Tem). Afterward, celebrations were continued in the Senior Common Room.

Lynda Ryan-Nye, who has worked extensively for women's rights, spoke to men and women and the Canadian Constitution to illustrate how women and men are affected by the new charter, and what is being done (or in many cases, not being done) to ensure the fair treatment of women in the Constitution.

She strongly feels that the position of women under the Constitution is very important in influencing the laws of the country. Lynda Ryan-Nye has long realized the need to encourage more women to become interested in politics, to become involved in political activities, and to keep an eye on the editing of charters. Lynda Ryan-Nye has stated emphatically that 'if the constitution is designed and written totally by men, it will reflect the equal male view of today and tomorrow. The Constitution, it is truly reflected and benefit Canadian society, must represent the views of both men and women.'

Clearly, then, women must play a significant role in the decision-making process of the future. The fact that a charter is not negotiated with women, then it is not negotiated for women. When the Constitution was put into committee, it was presented to the public for input. Women made several important criticisms and proposals, and honed down their list of major concerns to under ten. Of these, only one major change was accepted by Jean Chrétien: the equality clause for human beings, section 15(1) and (2) which declares: 'Every individual is equal before and under the law and has the right to the equal protection and equal benefit of the law without discrimination and, in particular, without discrimination based on race, national or ethnic origin, colour, religion, sex, age, or mental or physical disability.'

In the words of Lynda Ryan-Nye, it is 'the real guts of equality in the Charter of Rights and Freedom.' Its original form, it stated that all Canadians, regardless of sex, age, religion, race etc., are 'equal before the law.' This one little word could have been used to institutionalize inequality. The clause meant that the law, as it exists, must be applied in a non-discriminatory fashion. But if the existing laws are discriminatory, any inequality that results from them is constitutionally acceptable. Because women realized the importance of the law being free of discrimination, they requested that the phrase 'equal before the law' be changed to equal 'under the law,' which means that all laws must be non-discriminatory.

The reaction of the government (both federal and provincial) in British Columbia was cautious in the extreme. While government officials now realize that it is no longer desirable to be unliberated publicly, they were hesitant to take direct action. They admit that there might be a few discriminatory laws on the books, and realize full well that these laws would be superseded if Section 15 were to be put into effect.

Not wanting to deal directly with the problem, Clause 15 (1), (2) was sent back to the committee and is, therefore, only the section of the Charter which is not yet in effect. A study period of three years (until April 1985) has been deemed necessary for the committee to completely examine all aspects and implications of this equality clause.

The important question is: Who will be interpreting this section 15 (1), (2)? The committee is headed by a man, so it is imperative that women speak out and keep an eye on the auditing procedures. All of the provincial governments have signed an international Covenant prohibiting discrimination against women, and women must hold them to it!

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TO HAVE OR HAVE NOT

Dear Pro Tem:

On Monday I picked up Pro Tem and glanced directly to "Les Lettres au Rédacteur." To my dismay, all I found were pontifications like that one that is 3 bucks at Acme Word and Song Company on the virtues of Barbra, Black Sabbath, Bartok and obscene phone calls on Radio Glendon. "Aw, well," I said, "nothing new here."

Then I saw it! Tucked in neatly above the ad for Southern Warfare, at the expense of manyennes who use Proctor Field their proficiency test. I had reread that passage and was able to count the number of MX missiles to be deployed on campus in the concrete silo installed was the first in a series of MX missiles to be deployed on campus in the dense-pack formation.

Our mysterious Botany Lab is actually a recreated Asian jungle. Most students are in the Pub. Does the House will be disappointed in me if I don't contribute to the "R.G. and an aging lecher."

Yours truly,
Jim Soloway, Manager of Radio Glendon and an aging lecher.
P.S. Who is Fred Simpson anyway? I had no idea.

Pro Tem March 14, 1983 Page 6

ON RECHERCHE

"N'importe quoi, pour faire n'importe quoi, absoluement n'importe quoi (en français) pour PRO TEM !!!

Voir BAUDOuin ou NICOL à PRO TEM LE MERCREDI OUI LE JEUDI APRES MIDI

The spring '83 referenda, to be held on Monday, March 14th, bear a great significance for student organizations at Glendon. Several issues will be decided: among them, the new funding system for student organizations (See front page article for details). The GSCU has presented us with two packages, whichever package A retains its membership in both the provincial and national student movements, package B provides for better financing for organizations such as R.G., Pro Tem and S.T.P.

It is a difficult choice to make and students must subscribe to the idea of a small college with relatively limited resources. While Pro Tem is not adhering to an absolutism nor blind association, it is obvious that OFS and NUS are not the most important organizations on campus. Withdrawal from these organizations may cause an immediate repercussion however, an extended backlash from the national student movement will not be in Glendon's best interest.

Then, again, package B, which withdraws our membership from OFS and NUS so we are forcing ourselves to go alone. Do the students have enough confidence in the GSCU to entrust them with the battle against the powers that be? One look at the Sociology and Political Science departments is enough to illustrate what cutbacks can do to a small college with relatively limited resources.

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Mois de mai 1982 debuta par un ordonnance de temps, la chaleur, l'amour et les vacances. Pour nous, les activités majeures furent le festival des musiques du monde, news and insight. And encore une fois cette année, nous ne pouvons organiser d'évaluation de cours sans être planifié par les départements, l'administration et l'AECG.

Un manque d'intérêt pour des organisations tels que "OFS et "NEF." Devons-nous faire un peu plus pour sensibiliser les gens, mais risquez-vous que les membres de l'AECG soient également des étudiants à temps plein (sauf président) ?

Alors, lorsque vous évaluerez le conseil Eld jury, soyez envers-vous même et posez-vous la question suivante: "Arie moi aussi contribué d'une façon ou d'une autre à améliorer l'image de mon conseil étudiant et surtout de mon college?" Moi, Carlos Héu, je réponds: Oui, nous avons pratiquement tout tenté dans les deux langues, d'améliorer l'estime du conseil des collèges. Pourtant, je dois avouer que nous avons dû faire preuve de courage, de sacrifice, et de détermination.

Les mois de mai 1982 ont été marqués par la fin de l'année universitaire. Sur la table du conseil d'administration, nous avons examiné les besoins de l'école de Glendon pour l'année suivante.

"Qu'est-il advenu des conférences? Jamais au cours de l'année 82-83 avons-nous invité un homme politique ou un savant dans notre département. Quel est ce changement?" Pourtant, je dois avouer que nous avons pratiquement tout tenté dans les deux langues, d'améliorer l'estime du conseil des collèges. Pourtant, je dois avouer que nous avons dû faire preuve de courage, de sacrifice, et de détermination.

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CASTL REPORT: STUDENT RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

The following paper, prepared by Jas Ahmed and Tom Gerginings, was presented to the Faculty Council Committee on Academic Standards Teaching and Programmes Office, York Hall.

STUDENT RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

In the past, it has been found that most students do not understand fully their academic rights and obligations. This ignorance can result in academic punishments. These punishments can often be avoided when students are aware of their rights and obligations.

It is the intent of this paper to help you understand these rights and obligations. If, after reading this paper, you are still in doubt regarding any situation, do not hesitate to seek immediate advice from the Student Programmes Office, the V.P. Academic of the G.C.S.U. or any of the Faculty Council Student Representatives.

BASIC RIGHTS

a. Transfer Credits: Transfer credits are usually awarded to students who have taken post-secondary courses before enrolling at Glendon. Eligibility for transfer credits sometimes requires an investigation on the part of the Student Programmes Office. If you are eligible for such credits contact the Student Programmes Office as soon as possible.

b. Change of Major: You have the option to change your major at any time during your stay at Glendon. However, there are certain limitations. Consult your Academic Advisor and the Student Programmes Office for details.

c. Re-evaluation of Grades: You have the right to appeal for a re-evaluation of grades on any given test, paper, assignment or exam. For details consult your Course Instructor and the Student Programmes Office.

d. Failed Year: (i) A student who has failed a year, i.e. received a Grade Point Average of less than 15% off the final grade, has the right to apply for readmission. If readmitted, the student will start with the grades of the failed year not included in the Grade Point Average and will have to repeat that year.

(ii) A student who barely passes a year has the right to petition for that year to be considered a failed year and thus have the grades of that year excluded from the calculation of the GPA, and be entitled to repeat that year.

e. Language Credit: You may apply to receive a language credit equal to one full-course if you are an English-speaking student and have taken two courses taught entirely in French, receiving a minimum grade of C.

f. Bilingual Programme: If you are enrolled in the bilingual stream and cannot continue in it, you have the option of transferring to the anglophone stream.

g. Tests & Examinations: Under existing rules, you cannot be required to take an examination or test worth more than 20% of the final mark during the last three weeks of each term or in the following Reading Week. These tests or examinations can be held in other hours only if they do not interfere with any student obligations.

OBLIGATIONS & PENALTIES

a. Withdrawal from Courses: If you do not unforeseen hardships (economic or personal), assigned work is not completed in time, you may appeal to withdraw from any number of courses without academic penalty.

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REPORT ON FOOD SERVICE TENDERING
1983
GLENDON COLLEGE

A Tendering Committee was formed from the University Food and Beverage Services committee (UFSC), augmented by the Director of Ancillary Services, the Glendon Executive Officer and two students who are on the Glendon Food Service Committee. It was comprised of the following members:

A.R. Dawson--Director, Ancillary Services (Chairman)
C. Summerhayes--Chairman, UFSC
P. Leone--co-chairman, Glendon FSC*
A. Advani--Member, Glendon FSC*
C. Lambert--Food Service Ombudsman, Glendon
D.A. Nesbitt--Finance Manager
Jacques-Aubin Roy--Executive Officer, Glendon College
N.D. Crandles--Manager, Housing and Food Services (Secretary)

*These two Glendon students were added to the committee following the resignation of Mr. R. Mawhinney, co-Chairman, Glendon FSC.

Bids were invited for the Glendon location, and contractors were advised that the University would give favorable consideration to bidders who offered the highest returns to the University and who were owner/operators.

Invitations were issued to 14 companies known to be interested in working for York, and advertisements were placed in the following papers:

- Toronto Sun -- December 3, 1982
- Globe and Mail -- December 4, 1982
- Toronto Star -- December 5, 1982

As a result, 40 parties applied for and received tender specifications of whom 10 submitted bids.

Bids were opened in the presence of the tendering committee on Monday, January 17, 1983 and circulated among members for individual study. During the assessment period, the Committee, by unanimous process of elimination, reduced the bidders to three: namely, Elite Food Services Ltd., Beaver Foods Ltd., and Rill Food Services Ltd. each of whom appeared before the committee to answer questions on their proposals.

Including these meetings, the Tendering Committee met 5 times. The committee was unanimous in approving its prime selection criteria as follows:

--to improve quality and service levels as set out in the tender documents
--to upgrade the existing equipment and premises
--to reserve and stabilize University financial results.

The Committee was also unanimous in its choice to recommend Rill Food Services Ltd. for a three-year contract with a two-year renewal option by either party, (also subject to our usual 30-day mutual cancellation clause). The rationale for selecting Rill Food Services Ltd. included:

--known acceptable performance at York campus
--parity for all York resident undergraduates in quality, service, and price at both campuses
--contract to be separate and distinct from the existing contract at York campus
--most extensive and imaginative servery renovation plan
--most favourable financial terms.

This recommendation has been approved by the President, subject to final agreement on all contractual details. The effective commencement date of the contract will be May 1, 1983 with renovations to be completed by the commencement of the 1983/84 academic year.

This change is a significant one for Glendon College. It will require the co-operation and goodwill of all members of the community to permit the transition to be accomplished successfully within the limited time available.

The Tendering Committee worked very hard to reach this difficult decision, but it is confident that it is the correct one, and that it will be of great benefit to York University, and the Glendon community in particular.

Further details will be announced as appropriate and the Glendon community will be involved in each phase of the changeover.

Norman D. Crandles,
Secretary,
Food Service Tendering Committee
(Glendon) 1983
Languages:

Arabic: Chief language of the Semitic family, spoken by 200 to 300 million people worldwide. It is written in a cursive alphabet, Classical Arabic, and is a lingua franca throughout the Arab world. The spoken vernaculars differ widely from region to region, making communication difficult among certain groups. Arabic is written in an alphabet of 28 letters, all consonants, each letter (read from right to left) having up to four forms (though not all have four forms), depending on its position in the word (initial, medial, final or independent). A system of vowels exists but are rarely found in printed texts. Many foreigners trying to learn Arabic have difficulty in assigning the different sounds correctly, causing often insubstantial confusion in other words. Arabic is marked by extremely fine gradations in sound, which must be mastered in order to be understood.

Because the Koran is written in Arabic, many non-Arab Muslims have a knowledge of the language. The language's pronunciation holds that the Koran is best appreciated in Arabic, not in translation. Major dialects in the spoken language are Classical, Syrio-Palestinian, Egyptian, A-rabian (from the Arabian Peninsula) and Syrian. Because of the transliterations, Arabic words may be sometimes unintelligible to another one.

Hebrew: A language of the Semitic family, the language of the Old Testament (except the Gospels), has 22 letters in their original form (though few have four forms), depending on its position in the word (initial, medial, final or independent). A system of vowels exists but are rarely found in printed texts. Many foreigners trying to learn Hebrew have difficulty in assigning the different sounds correctly, causing often insubstantial confusion in other words. Hebrew is marked by extremely fine gradations in sound, which must be mastered in order to be understood.

Six letter-pairs in Hebrew have identical sound values (there are no double vowel sounds; two vs. two guttural sounds, th and s vs. th and s's). Five letters come in alternative forms, general and specific; just two compared to four in Arabic. Like Arabic, Hebrew letter by letter is a one-to-one correspondence, upper and lower case. There are vowels, but they do not generally appear in printed texts, except for poetry and prayers. The phonemic range of the letters is more spread out than that of Arabic, making the learning of the articulation of the consonants easier for the beginner. Hebrew and Arabic (plus Aramaic) share certain consonantal features, though Modern Hebrew is the result of borrowing from Western languages somewhat more than has Aramaic. A grammatical feature is that Hebrew nouns have two genders, masculine and feminine. Supplemented Hebrew as the everyday language of the Jews in Roman Palestine. Closely related to Hebrew (the two more resembled each other than either do to Arabic), they share a similar vocabulary but a different grammar. Aramaic was written in the Hebrew alphabet, but it also has its own script, from which Aramaic has descended. From c.300 B.C. to 650 A.D., Aramaic was in use throughout the Middle East, among various peoples. The Arabic alphabet is said to have developed from a branch of the original Aramaic script. Jewish and Arabic scholars have spoken Aramaic as his first language, though it is likely that he spoke Hebrew and Latin as well.

Yiddish: A misconception to clear up here: Hebrew and Yiddish are not related languages. Hebrew is a Semitic language, and Yiddish which means "Jewish" is a largely Germanic language. A dialect of Middle High German that Jews spoke in the 1200-1300's. Yiddish remained a Jewish lingua franca for over 700 years, until the coming of the Nazis. It is written in the Hebrew alphabet and contains substantial numbers of non-Germanic words; either Hebrew or else Yiddish is the dominant language in any location. A system that departed from the Germanianized Yiddish is the Ashkenaz shtetl. The Slavic element was strong because of the Ashkenazim's settlement in Eastern Europe after being expelled from Germany and France during the centuries of the Inquisition.

Ashkenazim: Refers to Jews who lived in Western and Eastern Europe. The word comes from Ashkenaz, an ancient Hebrew name for Germany. Jews first came there, so it is

Yukon Jack: Attack 1

The Snake Bite.

Yukon Jack Recipe

For more Yukon Jack recipes see "MORE YUKON JACK RECIPES" by Brian O'Brien, Pro Tes Press, Le 14 mars 1983 page 9

The Black Sheep of Canadian Liqueurs. Concocted with fine Canadian Whisky.

The Snaked Brite.

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The Snaked Brite.
**THE SANDER AND COMPANY PLAY TO A TINY AUDIENCE**

**The Sander**

You can have an experience—and you probably have—of stumbling upon a stranger who wasn’t expecting you. Lost in his thoughts, he notices you and shows you these like a child proudly displaying his toys. This isn’t a confidence or gossip, just the thoughts that occur—that past time—that keeps him from attacking a total stranger. He gives those memories and fantasies of the best high comedy he’s ever written but for certain reason always remember.

So it was with The Sander. Mario Romano’s adaptation of Prandelli’s piece. The sander, a construction worker, supposed to be working alone, is playing solo the clown down and now that you’re here he’s a touch embarrassed but pleased that you walked in. The sander’s clown day-dream he finds a child only too willing to talk business with poignant messages. “Lost in his thoughts, he notices you and shows you these like a child proudly displaying his toys. This isn’t a confidence or gossip, just the thoughts that occur—that past time—that keeps him from attacking a total stranger. He gives those memories and fantasies of the best high comedy he’s ever written but for certain reason always remember.”

**ENTERTAINMENT NOTES**

**AMMENESSE CONCERT**

On March 16th at 7:30 P.M. Glendon’s Ammenesse group will sponsor a special benefit concert at the Trojan wall. Your proceeds will go to support the Trojan wall and the Glendon group and they need the support of the college to make ends meet.

The concert will feature some well-known musicians from the Festival des Arts des Musiques de la Musique Canadienne and the Canadian Children’s Theatre. The concert will also feature some of the Glendon group’s highest musical talents.

**CONCERT D’AMMENESSE**

Il y aura un concert au profit des réfugiés organisé par Am­menesse. L’Intendance a confirmé le 16 mars à 19h30. Il aura lieu au Trojan Wall. (Les musiciens et leurs chanteurs figurants sont invités à participer.)

**RAW TEXT END**
A LAST LOOK AT THE LYS

by Stephan Hettich

Monday, February 7th marked the end of the Maple Lys' last match for the 1982-83 season. It was a sad occasion, in that the Lys were unable to win the consolation play-off final against the first and oldest of the colleges at York Main — that is, Founders College. Furthermore, it was distressing to find out that even in the last chance to ogle some of the greats on ice, Starshine player Don Blue, daring Danny Sponagle, popular Pete Gibson and fervorous Phil Bouchard, these guys have played for the Lys and represented your college for the last three years. They're legends in their own time. It is sad to see them leave the Lys.

The over-all view of the Maple Lys' play this year was a positive one in every respect. Peter Gibson and Steve Phillips accredited much of Glendon's success to their new coach Tim Cork. Mr. Cork is a graduate of Glendon College. He spent last year in Europe (Holland) playing hockey and also played for the Alumni team of York University this year. He definitely knows about the sport of hockey and cares about Glendon College. He was recuperating from an Alumni game in which he broke his tailbone right about the time of the final game. That might help to explain the loss.

Steve and Peter also credited some of the success of the team to the fact that forty men showed up for the first try-out. That was probably the best show ever for a Glendon team. As a result, the team was better this year because the trainer was able to pick and choose who would be best for what position. But for the most part, the better play was due to the team members' support for their own team. Pete Gibson said that the team's morale was carried from the ice to the dressing room; as members volunteered to have sections of their hair shaved. It was told that Don Blue offered his eyebrows while Pete Gibson offered an unmentionable part of his body.

Well, there you have it — a last look at the Lys. Hopefully, next year will run smoothly and be as successful for (what we think is) the greatest college hockey team ever!

SPORTS NOTES

CONGRATULATIONS!

The Athletic Department would like to recognize and congratulate the following winners of Glendon sports events held this season.

Swim marathon: Sylvie Marceau (875 lengths)

Squash championship:
Men's A — Ian Garland
Men's B — Stuart Guy
Women's A — Mamuda Khan

Badminton championship:
Men's Open — Ian Miller
Women's A — Sharon Brown
Women's B — Soo Kim Lem

The winners of the events listed above should come to the Field House office during working hours and pick up their prize — a Recreation Glendon T-shirt.

Congratulations to the winners and all who participated in the events and helped to make them a success.

RECREATION GLENDON presents a Gatsby Gala, the 1982-83 Awards Banquet and Dance on Friday, March 18, in the Old Dining Hall. 7:00 pm. — Scrumptious buffet dinner. 8:00 pm. — Dancing to Kenny Simon and the Hourglass Dance Band. Dress 1920's costume or semi-formal attire. Cost for resident students is $12 scrup per ticket, for others $15. Tickets may be purchased from the Athletic Office, outside the cafeteria during lunch hours, your resident Don or the Squash Lounge.

Don't miss the social event of the season! A limited number of tickets are available, so get yours early.

VIDEO COMPETITION

Café de la Terrasse and the game manufacturers are sponsoring a competition which will run from March 17th to the 31st in the pinball room. Game manufacturers have chosen their favorite among the four games and the highest scores as they occur will be posted. When the field is narrowed down to the four best players, there will be play-offs in which all four machines will be played by each finalist. Prizes will be a Sony Walkman and an AM-FM radio. There's glory too.

Warning: Health and Welfare Canada advises that danger to health increases with amount smoked — avoid inhaling.

Average per cigarette: 9 mg "tar", 0.8 mg nicotine.
WARNING: Health and Welfare Canada advises that danger to health increases with amount smoked: avoid inhaling. Average per cigarette:
Export "A" Regular "tar" 17 mg, nicotine 1.1 mg. King Size "tar" 17 mg, nicotine 1.1. Export "A" Mild Regular "tar" 13 mg, nicotine 0.9 mg. King Size "tar" 13 mg, nicotine 0.9 mg. Export "A" Light Regular "tar" 10 mg, nicotine 0.8 mg. King Size "tar" 11 mg, nicotine 0.8 mg.