T.A.s And Part-Times Plan Strike

By Kim Levis

Last week, 750 York University Teaching Assistants (T.A.s) and Part-Time staff voted 84% in favour of giving The Canadian Union of Educational Workers (C.U.E.W.) a mandate to strike. This strike will begin Monday October 26 unless an agreement is reached during last-minute negotiations, to be held during the weekend of October 23,24 and 25.

The effect on classes will be the following: Pickets will be in front of all York Colleges, including Glendon; classes held by T.A.s and part-time faculty will be cancelled; classes held by full-time faculty that respect the pocket line will be cancelled, or held outside of York Campuses. Chairperson of C.U.E.W. mobilization committee, Bert Keser, states that the union hopes a majority of students will support them because, in the long-term, the quality of education will be affected by the outcome of this dispute.

The C.U.E.W. has been in a legal position to strike since Oct. 16, sixteen days after the Ontario Labour Board ruled that conciliation between the union and the York University Administration failed to produce a settlement. New contract negotiations began in July and broke down in August. The 1980-1981 contract expired August 31, 1981.

The C.U.E.W. is composed of two units: Unit 1, the graduate student, teaching assistants (T.A.s), and Unit 2, graduate students near the end of their programs and Ph.D.s not yet given full-time faculty status. Both are concerned about three main issues: job security, class size, and salary.

According to union chairperson, Janet Patterson, the key issue is job security. Under the proposed new contract, Unit 1 T.A.s would lose job priority with seniority. Vice-President, Employee and Student Relations, William Farr, feels that the university has a commitment to incoming graduate students, but the union feels this policy would be unjust to those who can not complete their degrees before losing their job priority. Janet Patterson points out that, 'According to the Canadian Census, the average time for degree completion is six to seven years.'

Job security for Unit 2, Part-time faculty involves: job posting, guarantees of job contracts, compensation if classes are cancelled after course preparation, and tenancy rights. The administration proposes limiting seniority credits to two per year. Many of the 350 part-timers depend on teaching more than two courses to make a living. Some have been teaching twelve years and have families to support.

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Election Results

by Wayne Burnett

Glendon students decided the course of student run activities and student influence in Glendon affairs on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. However, fewer than 250 students participated in the GCSU elections and referenda.

In the contest for vice-president - external, Jordan Glick took a small early lead and held on to beat Courtney Doldron 115-88. Glick's success was predicted as he seemed to be the only VP external candidate to post campaign signs and send a submission to the October 16 issue of Pro Tem.

In an interview later, Glick named two priorities: to set up a strike support committee to assess the demands of the union (CUEW) and to set up a committee to study the cut-back issue. Glick said that he would have a major dilemma crossing the picket line.

The elections for first year representatives, incidentally elected by all voting students, not just first year students, provided a more interesting race. Isabella Landry and Linda Schmidt took early leads and never looked back. This left one last position to be closely contested by Michele Vyg and Paul Hogbin, with Angelo Tiveron being the spoiler. The final results gave Vyg the last position with 121 votes to Hogbin's 115. Landry garnered 145 votes to Schmidt's 144 and Tiveron's 98.

Hogbin, Vyg, and Schmidt were all present at the counting which took place in the GCSU office. The winners and the losers shook hands amiably with Hogbin saying that he would continue in his many other extra-curricular activities.

Along with the candidates present were the scrutineers for the other candidates: Doldron, Glick, and Landry. Tiveron's scrutineer was not seen. One candidate, Nancy Hellewell, was not present as she was acclaimed by Perry Mallinos, Lisa Kammerling and Doris Colaiacovo.

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Students interested in taking part in the OFS cutback demonstration on Thursday, October 29th at Queen's Park should meet at the front entrance of York Hall (parking booth) at 2:00 pm. The GCSU will rent buses which will bring the students to Ryerson where all schools will meet. The demonstration will leave Ryerson at 3:30 and march to the Ontario legislature. Afterwards, all students are invited to U of T's Convocation Hall for an evening of speakers and musical entertainment.

Tous les étudiants intéressés à participer à la manifestation anti-cou­pures budgétaires de la Fédération des Étudiants de l'Ontario sont invités à se rendre en avant de York Hall à 14 heures. L'AEGC a loué deux autobus qui amèneront les étudiants à Ryerson, point de rencontre pour chaque école. La manifestation quittera Ryerson à 15:30 heures et se rendra à Queen's Park. Après le ralliement, les étudiants sont invités au Convocation Hall de l'Université de Toronto pour une soirée de discours et de musique populaire.

The Glendon Chapter of Amnesty International invites interested people to attend an informal discussion with Marion Scott from the London, England A.I. office. New Amnesty operates Monday, Oct. 26 at 337 Daviessie at 7:00 p.m. For more information phone 533-5203.

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The second issue is class size. Cutbacks and increased enrollment have led to overcrowded class rooms. The union therefore proposes: 1) that physical facilities be adequate for the size of classes; 2) that limits in enrolments in a course be set and adhered to; 3) that classes over 40 receive adequate numbers of markers or tutorials; 4) that small group tutorials, labs, and College Tutorials be set at a limit of 20, 24, and 18 respectively.

The third issue is salary. The present pay is $4.40 per course for both TA course directors and part time faculty, and ranges from $1660 to $530 for TAs who assist course directors. The TAs are being offered from 13% - 15%, depending on the number of years toward the completion of their degree; Part-time faculty are being offered 10% - 12%, depending on which category they are in. The union feels this increase does little to combat inflation.

William Farr stated in the York Gazette: "The University is not attempting to prrieve a confrontation with CUEW as some kind of labour relations tactic. Rather, an impasse has been by CUEW's demands for new contract clauses which it would be irresponsible of the University to agree to. In an uncertain financial climate, and at a time when explicit propos­als are being discussed for re-alignment of the Ontario universities, York is simply not in a position to undertake further substantial fixed commitments and give up its little remaining academic man­oeuvrability.

C.U.E.W. stresses their regret for any incon­venience to York students. Students who feel the union demands are just and wish to offer support may telephone: Peter Votsch, C.U.E.W. Support Committee, 635-0890; Bert Lesor, Mobilization Committee, 832-2384, or the union office, 667-6341.

Note: A motion was passed at the last Senate meeting that reads: There will be no administrative disciplinary sanctions for students respecting picketers.
Editorial


La meilleure façon d'évaluer l'intérêt des étudiants est de prendre la réunion des candidats de mardi comme exemple. On pouvait y constater une apathie viscérale qui rend malade. Il semble que plusieurs étaient plus intéressés par la vie de Glendon que par les élections. Est-il possible qu'on puisse penser que le fait que le mets principal n'était pas assez salé ou trop salé était plus important que l'Association des Étudiants qui avait un besoin urgent d'un nouvel V.P. aux affaires externes, ou que sa constitution qui avait subi des changements cruciaux depuis l'été étaient ratifiés? Ce qui devait être choisi était le représentant de première année, que Pro Tem avait deux référendums d'importance (changement à la constitution du journal et augmentation du montant alloué à ce dernier).

Il semble que les étudiants avaient des choses plus importantes à discuter. On a pu le remarquer pendant les discussions et la période des questions. Seuls quelques audacieux ont pris la peine de se lever pour poser. Vraiment, il y a de quoi s'interroger sérieusement.

There were very important by-elections last Wednesday and Thursday. Extremely vital decisions had to be made. But how many realized it? How many knew it? How many were interested enough to try to find out? Only 223 people bothered to vote.

The best way to try to evaluate the student interest is to take the all candidates meeting of Tuesday as an example. The visceral apathy of the students present was enough to make one sick. It seems that more people were interested by what Beaver Foods had provided than the pressing issues of the elections. Is it possible that the people in the cafeteria would rather discuss the salt shaker on the table than the need for a V.P. External and first year representatives on the Glendon College Student Union; or the major constitutional and newspaper amendments, that the students themselves had to ratify; decisions that affected financial arrangements and the future of Pro Tem.

It seems that students had more important things to talk about. You could notice it during the speeches and the question period. Only the most audacious ones dared to leave their seats to raise election issues. Really, one must seriously wonder what is happening.

If so few students are interested in even the important issues on campus, how many are aware of the horror story facing Ontario universities? How many realize that students risk paying double in tuition fees next year? We can ask ourselves if Glendon will be well represented at the demonstration at Queen's Park on Thursday. We hope that we will be witnessing soon a new arousal amongst students. Stay tuned until next week.

letter of the week

Last Saturday, participating in the Glendon Relay Marathon, the Wood Residence CHIRO Team finished in third place, which was practically the first time that a Glendon Team ended in the first three positions. Two main participation prizes were awarded: one for the marathon winning Team (an outside campus club) and the second to the Glendon winning Team, in order for en poser Vrai! (HEY!...)

But to our surprise, Peter Jensen, director of athletics for Glendon, decided that we could not be considered a Glendon Team. (after having lived on campus for four years!)

Peter Jensen, does not seem to realize that sports activities do not fall into Glendon's curriculum. In Glendon does not have a Phys. Ed programme whereby degrees can be obtained. In other words, the sports facilities offered are extended to ALL students living in residence (that goes without exceptions, Peter).

Peter Jensen seems to be quite inconsistent in his decision making since three years ago he did not object to the idea of two chiropractic students of Wood Residence (Brian Seaman and Neil Manson) who organized, raised funds and equipped the weight lifting room (olympic lifting sets, benches etc.) and called it the GLENDON COLLEGE WeightLifting Club. Now the second most utilized facility next to the squash courts! (Does he let outsiders take over his duty?) So where is the logic?

We understand the importance of participation, dealing with a competitive kind of activity, awards are only souvenirs that underline the merit of having participated, but when participation is being ignored, it loses the basic meaning of any activities. (with reasons)

Such segregation never before occurred with any of Glendon's Social activities. This behavior seems to be only related to the poor judgement of a single individual, Peter Jensen. A behavior often associated with rejection or inefficiency.

A director of athletics should be an objective individual with a sound judgement and a sense of fairplay; qualities that Peter Jensen seems to lack.

Peter Jensen is very much like the concept of Beaver Foods; It's part of Glendon, where students therefore, have little choice but to learn to tolerate.

Richard Morency

Fri., Oct. 23, 1981
The Bilingual Issue

by Ruth Bradley

As it has already been pointed out, there is a bilingual issue at Glendon, but what is that issue?

You would be hard pressed to find anyone at Glendon who does not support bilingualism. It is Glendon's main strength. It makes us unique. It is one of the main attractions of the college, to professors, as well as students. No, the bilingual issue is not whether or not glendon should be there, it is the concept of how it should be used. There come a number of, IS Quebecois Ie be, (~t able to back the weak­in neither French J

No one takes great comfort in the status quo which consists of understaffed departments, programs which cannot be cut back but which are not being funded, a library that can­not supply all the college's needs, limited capacity for research, etc.

Glendon's budget has been undercut from all directions for years. A few years ago, the number of full-time students dropped by a third. This meant a reduction of available funds. York University, which has a higher student/teacher ratio than Glendon, has also been cutting back funds. This year the Ontario government has reduced university funds and the federal government has not transferred any funds to the provinces. Glendon threatens further such reduction.

Principal Garigue and all concerned know that the only way to improve the bilingual institution is to obtain specific additional funds for it.

In a report entitled 'The Future of Bilingualism at Glendon College,' PrincipalGarigue states: the English stream may be weakened if resources are transferred to, or even maintained in, the French stream...various departments at Glendon College simply cannot maintain adequate programs in both languages since they are already understaffed.

With this sort of predictable response it is difficult to keep offering new courses in French. To attract students to certain departments, perhaps it is necessary to offer not just a single course in French, but a series of courses that are read towards a cohesive B.A. in French.

On the other hand, it could be that students who come here do not want to study entirely in French. Don't Quebecois students want to learn English? Don't Franco-Ontarians come here to prepare for a career in English speaking Ontario? How many Glendonites want to study entirely in French in the first place? It is unreasonable to require the college to offer expensive programs to satisfy a theoretical need.

This is what is meant by the question 'What is meant by being a bilingual institution? and b) How is this best accomplished?'

As Professor Bixley points out though, a close look at the college department by department will reveal that most of them have the capacity to offer more courses in French than they do now. Why then, do they not offer these courses when there seems to be such a demand for them?

Despite the apparent demand, once a new course is offered in French, a very small number of students, say 3-5, will sign up for it. If a professor has been diverted from teaching a full class of students in English to teach only a few in French, an unacceptable imbalance has been created in class size.

For example, when the sociology department went to a great deal of trouble and expense to hire a new professor from Ottawa to teach a course in French no one signed up for it.

Glendon is now in the process of answering this question but money cannot be obtained and changes cannot be made until it has been answered and a solid plan for our future as a college has been formulated. The report quoted before also states that a recent document by Vice-president W. Found (a response to the Draft report of the SLRP) presents the need for a re-evaluation of bilingualism at Glendon College. While the document acknowledges the growing importance of Bilingualism, it raises questions as to its quality and enrolment. It also suggests a three year test period for funding, at the termination of which a review of the entire program should be decided by Vice president Found is careful to point out that the development of a comprehensive academic plan by Glendon College is essential.

Principal Garigue himself states that the Franco-Ontarian has not yet accepted Glendon College as a 'valid' university institution for themselves.

The formulation of such a plan naturally demands that the entire Glendon community, not just the administration, must participate. This is why at the last Faculty council meeting, professor MacDonald, a member of the Policy and Planning committee, complained about the second order role that the faculty was playing in making major decisions about Glendon's future. Since no one but the principal has had any contact with the Ontarian community, and no one else will until the meeting in February, Professor MacDonald wanted to know if the principal had been making promises that had not been discussed first at Glendon.

Professor Bixley's view of the principal's approach to decision making is that 'he is not against full discussion but (that) he does not always foster it.' When Professor Bixley questioned Principal Garigue as to whether or not he thought anyone shared his view of Glendon's future, he was referring not to anyone on the Faculty Council, but to the faculty in general; not to the students or the rest of the Glendon community, he was referring to the people of the Franco-Ontarian community.

What the faculty wants to know is that even if Franco-Ontarian leaders promise verbally to support Glendon, and Glendon in turn, makes promises to these leaders, will the Franco-Ontarian community itself be able to back this up with concrete support like money, students, and lobbying the Ontario government for its support?

These questions must be answered before a plan can be formulated and before promises can be made. Glendon must move towards this point a unit of two languages working together, not as two separate language groups accusing each other. This is what it means to be a Bilingual institution.

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Perry Mallinos: Mid-Term Reflections

On Wednesday, October 13, Perry Mallinos, President of GCSU, met with Pro tem Editor-in-Chief Niccol Simard and Editors Frances M. Men and Boudouin St-Cyr. Following are excerpts of the discussion which took place in Pro tem’s Glendon Hall offices.

Perry Mallinos, you’ve now been President for close to six months. You’ve reached the midway point in your term. Perhaps you might like to share with us your vision of Glendon College.

Glendon has always sort of been very special to me. I’ve become attired to it and it’s a great place to study. I think part of the reason why many people come to Glendon is the bilingual element as well as the Frenchness of the institution that it provides, i.e. the faculty-student relationship. It’s a place that is very dear to my heart and it fascinates me simply because we do have the two cultures here.

When I ran for the presidency, one of my main planks was that Glendon was a great place to study but the student council was a very important part. I regarded it as a joke and what I mean by that is that a lot of students referred to it as a high school dance committee that did not provide services to the students whatsoever except provide certain genres of entertainment which were not in everyone’s taste. Another thing which sort of bothers me and this is one of the reasons why I ran, is that council was always considered to be part of the unilingual stream and that people were elected and they never bothered to step out the doors.

Student council is diversified, we do not only put on activities, we should also represent the students and, should the need arise, be able to help them with any problem they may have.

Did you have any particular problem during the summer? What kind of difficulties did you encounter as president of GCSU?

I heard rumours that the equipment was missing and the rumours turned out to be true and Mr. Becker expressed a keen interest in knowing where the equipment was. CKRG had been disbanded since December and Mr. Becker had been trying to contact the people who were on the Board of Directors for CKRG but was not successful in doing this either because they refused to answer or simply because they did not return his calls. So there was that problem right there. Also, there was the problem of finding out who was on the Board of Directors and what sort of equipment they had. Essentially it proved to be successful to some extent but we found out that there were no records and that no one had kept a close tab on CKRG.

Now in terms of bannings, regarding the incidents at Ckrg, a lot of people seem to have this idea that I banned certain people, however, this is not true. GCSU has jurisdiction over certain facilities on this campus in that they can allow certain people to go on to the premises of these facilities (i.e. the Gouc office, the junior common room, the hearth room, Radio Glendon and Pro tem). These people were not banned from campus, they simply were not allowed into these premises where GCSU had jurisdiction.

Who are those people?

Specifically, the people who were on the Board of Directors of CKRG. The names I can remember, there was a lengthy list, the ones who were closely involved with CKRG: Ron Stermac, Al Lyonsagh, Joe Holmes and Lee-Zimmerman.

Now, what about the alleged mismanagement of funds at Pro tem, last year?

Despite the ultimate reason, Joe Holmes and the misappropriation of funds, last year the business manager did not keep a proper scrutiny over the books and the finances of Pro tem. Now, I am not faulting him because a person cannot carry out his job if he does not have the co-operation of the person he is supposed to work with. On top of that, we had a situation with the TD bank where they cashed cheques written by Joe Holmes. Now in February, the council had changed the signing authority. They had to have last year’s GCSU President Dorothy Watson’s signature as well as the signature of the Editor-in-Chief Joe Holmes. However, for some reason, the bank overlooked this and cashed several cheques totaling $1,500 with only Holmes’s signature.

Now turning to one of Pro tem’s favourite topics, bilingualism. As you know, Principal Garigue has expressed the wish that Glendon create new French programs and open itself more to the Franco-Ontarian community. What do you think of this?

Well, I have had several phone calls on this subject. I am trying to achieve bilingualism at Glendon and the fact that he is Frenchophone ads more weight to the case. He is trying to achieve two things, in addition to bilingualism, he is also trying to predict maximum growth for our students in terms of finding out the needs of our students and trying to meet these needs in terms of courses and other things.

Principal Garigue’s vision is based on the Renaissance model of man. The Renaissance man was very well versed in all aspects of life and I think that Principal Garigues effort towards this is fantastic. We are special in that we are a small college and when you look at it over the years, it’s hard to pinpoint Glendon, I mean, it’s bilingual but what sort of identity does Glendon really have? You really can’t pinpoint it and this is what the principal is trying to achieve.

My view of bilingualism is that in a bilingual college, everyone should learn the second language simply because Canada is a land of two cultures and those two cultures make both Canada and Glendon unique.

Are you saying we should abolish the unilingual stream?

Well, you see, Glendon was originally a bilingual college and the only reason they introduced the unilingual stream was because of lack of enrolment and they had to do something. But, I think I would like to see bi-lingualism for TTE. What they meant to Glendon because it is a small college. So, there is a possibility that Glendon could be closed. Furthermore, there is higher tuition rates, increased class size as well as reduced faculty. So the ramifications of the cutbacks are very crucial and given the fact that Glendon is small, they would hurt us more than they would U of T. It is very important that students get involved with the cutbacks because, in essence, Glendon could very well cease to exist.

What do the proposed Federal cutbacks mean for Glendon?

What I mean to Glendon is that 1 in 4 universities could be closed and we have already heard threats at Glendon because it is a small college. So, there is a possibility that Glendon could be closed. Furthermore, there is higher tuition rates, increased class size as well as reduced faculty. So the ramifications of the cutbacks are very crucial and given the fact that Glendon is small, they would hurt us more than they would U of T. It is very important that students get involved with the cutbacks because, in essence, Glendon could very well cease to exist.

Well, we can see that you have a lot of work planned for the rest of the year. Thank you very much for sharing your thoughts with us and we wish you the best of luck in your many campaigns and active role in this issue. We are special in that we are a small college and when you look at it over the years, it’s hard to pinpoint Glendon, I mean, it’s bilingual but what sort of identity does Glendon really have? You really can’t pinpoint it and this is what the principal is trying to achieve.

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Federal Cuts Spur Student Militancy

by Terry Johnson
The Martlet—University of Victoria

From UVic to University of Manitoba, students everywhere are fighting back against a new round of student cuts. Universities are under severe pressure to increase productivity, which has led to cuts in many areas, and increased fees in others. The result is that students are becoming more active, and organizing protests against the cuts.

In B.C. this year, cuts to community college budgets have been so severe that Victoria's Camosun College was forced to drop six of its second year university transfer courses and BCT, for example cut back its nursing programs at a time when B.C. faces a growing shortage of trained nurses.

Education is a system in chaos. Concluded the National Union of Students (NUS) Canadian Federation of Students, CFS) over two years ago. As the spending crunch reached down to the campuses students across the country have begun to fight back against the two aspects of the chaos, declining accessibility and declining program quality.

Even a quick and incomplete summary of student politics this past year will give a good idea of the severity of the present education crisis.

Last March 12, over 600 UBC students, in the largest demonstration in ten years at that university, were upset that university president Dr. Kenny didn't appear as promised at a rally protesting education cutbacks and tuition increases. Two hundred of them marched onto Administration, "We want Doug" to the Admin offices where they proceeded to demand Ken-ny's office. Kenny showed up within the hour to answer the students questions.

On March 20, at Hamilton's McMaster University 12 Sociology students occupied department offices after the right to representation for students on departmental committees had been unilaterally revoked by the sociology chairman. The administration, while negotiating with the students, smuggled in 30 municipal police in maintenance vans to oust the occupiers. It was the first time since 1974, during a similar protest, that police weren't used again. The university granted the demands for representation.

At North Vancouver's Capilano College last January, 450 students and faculty rallied against a threatened 80 per cent tuition hike, and an estimated $750,000 budget shortfall in 1981 to 1982. College faculty supported the rally by cancelling all classes except for a handful in the Business Management program.

Attempts to bring in a tough new discipline cadre at SFU that would have allowed for dismissal of students who participated in "activities that disrupted campus life" were defeated by active student protest that included a unanimous condemnation of the proposed code by over 500 students at a student society General Meeting in March. SFU's Student Society External Vice-President Doug Fleming pointed to the 1960 arrest and trial of Universite de Montreal student Guy Héroux for his part in a rent strike by U de M residence students, and the arrest of a similar discipline code at McGill University, as evidence of institutional repression that will only increase as students become more active.

"The university boards will want to prevent students fighting back against tuition hikes, Res fee hikes, and cutbacks," said Fleming who claimed that demonstrations are part and parcel of the wave of cutbacks hitting campuses today.

The year even included a fee strike by Selkirk College and David Thompson University Centre students in support of university staff then bargaining with the college boards Selkirk College student de-investment campaign, Richard Bell, told the Martlet that the fee strike was meant to avert a potential strike by forcing the college to bargain fairly with the clerical and janitorial staff.

Although college officials were quick to deny that the fee strike influenced cont'd on page seven
La F.E.O.: Quoi et pourquoi!

par Baudouin St-Cyr

Plusieurs d'entre vous se demandent peut-être ce que veulent dire ces trois lettres que vous apercevez si souvent dans votre hebdomadaire favori. En effet, qu'est-ce que la FEO?

La Fédération des Étudiants de l'Ontario est un organisme provincial qui représente les étudiants au post-secondaire. Son but est de promouvoir l'accessibilité au système pour tous et la défense des intérêts des étudiants vis-à-vis du gouvernement du Queen's Park. La FEO est aussi le porte-parole des étudiants qui adhèrent au mouvement lors d'un référendum autorisant leur association étudiante à se joindre à la FEO. Aujourd'hui, la Fédération régroupe de nombreuses universités, la plus importante étant l'Ontario.

"It's time to start organizing," said one Alberta delegate to the last CFS conference. I could as well say students are predicting, turn out to be an even hotter year on campuses than last.

La FEO existe depuis 1972. Cependant, depuis quelques années, ses activités sont accrues car le gouvernement de l'Ontario poursuit une politique de coupures budgétaires très serrées. Cette politique équivaut, ici à Glendon, à l'annulation de certains cours, au manque de ressources à la bibliothèque, au fait que Glendon n'engage plus de nouveaux professeurs et, généralement, est responsable du fait qu'ils ont laissé derrière plusieurs années, ne grandit plus.

Depuis quelques mois, une nouvelle crise se dessine à l'horizon; le gouvernement fédéral menace de couper de 1,5 à 2 milliard de dollars des arrangements fiscaux entre Ottawa et les provinces. De telles coupures équivalent en Ontario à la fermeture d'une université sur quatre et veulent dire que les frais de scolarité qui ont augmenté d'au moins 30% depuis 2 ans risquent de doubler d'ici à l'année prochaine si le gouvernement Davis ne vient pas à la rescousse du système universitaire en exemple de ce vide monétaire créé par le gouvernement fédéral qui, soit dit en passant, pese environ 60% de l'éducation post-seconnaire canadienne et cela sans en obtenir le moindre crédit.

Dans tout ceci, les étudiants ont un rôle à jouer; un rôle primordial. Ceux-ci doivent se faire entendre par les gouvernements afin qu'ils réalisent que les étudiants ne sont pas des spectateurs passifs dans ce chambré-débat mais bel et bien des participants concernés et informés de certaines politiques qui pour eux sont d'importance réelle et quotidienne.

Pour la FEO et les étudiants, la lutte doit donc se faire sur deux fronts. C'est-à-dire simultanément contre Ottawa et contre Toronto. Une chose est claire ici; pour les deux gouvernements, l'éducation universitaire est un genre de luxe superflu, un privilège élitiste qui peut supporter une nouvelle politique de coupures massives. Cependant, à Toronto comme à Ottawa, on semble oublier que le domaine de la recherche dépend quasiment entièrement des subventions au niveau des provinces et que, dans ce sens, c'est peut-être l'intellectuel et l'industriel du Canada qui se joue aujourd'hui.

La FEO, telle que menée par sa présidente Barb Taylor, est prête à assumer le défi. De plus, plusieurs campagnes de sensibilisation sont en marche à l'intérieur des universités. C'est-à-dire simultanément contre Ottawa et contre Toronto. Une chose est claire ici; pour les deux gouvernements, l'éducation universitaire est un privilège élitiste qui peut supporter une nouvelle politique de coupures massives. Cependant, à Toronto comme à Ottawa, on semble oublier que le domaine de la recherche dépend quasiment entièrement des subventions au niveau des provinces et que, dans ce sens, c'est peut-être l'intellectuel et l'industriel du Canada qui se joue aujourd'hui.

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Cutbacks Hit Frost Library

by David Haines

As I am sure many Glendon students have noticed, the Frost Library now closes at 5 p.m. on Friday and 9 p.m. on Sunday. (As opposed to the former time of midnight on both days!)

Why did this happen, you ask? I put this same question to one of the librarians (who requested to remain anonymous) at Frost. I was told that this was due to more budget cutbacks.

The actual cutback was not that substantial though. The Board of Governors requested York libraries to cut back 1% overall on their operating budgets.

Although a cutback of any sort will result in some loss of service, one would not expect a 1% cutback to make that much of a difference. However, the way things worked out, the financial cutback at Glendon amounted to 4%!

This brings up the question of by just how much did neighbours to the north reduce their budgets to force us to make up the difference? It seems that the standard York policy these days is give the heaviest financial restrictions to Glendon in order to solve their own problems.

As if this were not bad enough, we also lost one of our library circulation staff this year. Since we only had five to begin with this amounts to a 20% decrease in full-time circulation staff. Obviously, something had to give. So we lost Friday and Sunday nights.

Were the library to be open these extra hours, my source explained, it would be run by only two students. And since York, in its infinite wisdom, is computerizing the library, these students simply don't have the necessary training to run the library alone.

Some solutions are being considered. One would be to have the full-time staff work longer hours. Another would be to hire another experienced full-time worker. Both of these solutions are highly unlikely, however, because there is no way we will get the money for them.

This reporter would like to suggest a solution. Let's have the library open on Friday and Sunday nights and forget about the computer. Most students use the library as a study facility during these hours and it's better than having the library closed altogether.

We have to do something instead of just sitting back and accepting these cutbacks. If Glendon is going to let itself be pushed around by York main and the provincial government on such a small issue as a 1% cutback, then what will happen if the 2 billion dollar federal cutback goes through. Please send your opinions, favourable or unfavourable, to Pro Tem, because if we don't complain now it will be too late in April.

The following titles are being considered for cancellation by the Frost Library. If there are any which you feel should be retained, please mark them and, with your name, return the list to Ellen Hoffmann, Room 510, Scott Library, by October 30.

Alive Magazine
Cahiers Renaud Barrault
Carnegie Corp., N.Y.
Annual Report
College Language Association
CLA Journal
Direction
Highway One
Institute of British Geographers - Transactions
Linguistics
Music Canada
New Directions in Prose and Poetry
Sift
Victorian Studies Bulletin

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A highly-biased opinion, that is.
Le monde caché de Glendon

par Carl Hétu

Je tenterai au cours des prochaines semaines de vous fournir toute l'information sur le monde caché de Glendon. Mais au fait, qu'est-ce que le monde caché de Glendon? Il représente tous les renseignements au sujet des organismes étudiants. Il s'agit aussi de leurs relations, décisions et actions dans notre vie quotidienne.


En fait, ce sera pour moi l'occasion de vous donner la chance de comprendre ce qui se passe dans la vie étudiante de Glendon.

Cette semaine, je m'efforcerai de vous communiquer tous les renseignements au sujet de la nouvelle association du café de la Terrasse.

Le Café est avant tout une organisation étudiante à but non-lucratif qui sert au gerant n'est pas celui qui prend les décisions finales. Cette responsabilité revient au conseil d'administration (board of directors). Le conseil est formé de huit personnes dont quatre étudiants. Ce sont ces mêmes huit personnes qui déclarent s'il y aura augmentation des prix du salaire des employés et du gérant. Ils sont aussi responsables des heures d'ouverture et de fermeture du Café etc.

Voici quelle est la dernière décision prise par le conseil il y a un mois. A partir du mois de septembre 1985, le Café de la Terrasse gardera tous les profits faits sur la vente de boissons alcoolisées lors de spectacles.

Cette politique signifie que toutes les organisations étudiantes qui organisent ou qui veulent organiser un spectacle, ne recevront aucun pourcentage des profits faits par le Café. Ces groupes sont: La Grenouillère, l'Association des Étudiants, Radio-Glendon et même les maisons des deux résidences.

Les grands perdants suite à cette politique nefaste ne sont pas ces groupes mais plutôt les étudiants eux-mêmes. Je m'explique.

Pour des groupes comme la Grenouillère et l'Association des Étudiants, organiser des spectacles devient de plus en plus coûteux. Le besoin de combler les pertes est donc plus grand. Jusqu'à maintenant, il existait deux moyens pour combler ces pertes: 1) en fixant un prix d'entrée, 2) en obtenant un pourcentage des profits.

Malheureusement suite à cette nouvelle politique du Café, l'organisation de plusieurs spectacles pour ces deux groupes de présenter plusieurs spectacles de qualité. De plus, le nombre de spectacles lui-même sera limité. Par conséquent, il faut se poser de sérieuses questions au sujet de l'organisation de notre Café.

Comment une organisation étudiante à but non-lucratif pourrait-elle mettre de garder l'argent des étudiants pour son propre compte? Car il ne faut surtout pas oublier que l'argent que le Café obtient ne lui est pas normal qu'il soit investi pour notre cause. Et je ne parle pas seulement de spectacles, mais aussi d'équipements nouveaux pour le théâtre et la radio.

Il y a toujours Beaver Foods, qui serait prêt à séparer les profits. Mais il ne serait-il pas mieux de garder notre argent pour des organismes étudiants plutôt que de le voir disparaître dans les mains d'une entreprise privée?

Malheureusement, le Café ne manque pas le choix, puisqu'il nous ferme ses portes (utilisant la porte de secours) et qu'il ne vend nos produits que dans son établissement. C'est dommage parce qu'en agissant ainsi, il brise l'harmonie de la vie étudiante en plus de perdre une clientèle très importante.

Radio-Glendon In Financial Straits

by Erik Schasmin

Radio-Glendon needs money. The initial goals of this years station manager (myself) included maintaining two fully operating studios (for broadcasting and recording), providing a service to those living in residence by broadcasting the station into Wood and Hilliard, and reviving the pub in stereo. None of these goals have been realized due to inadequate funding.

I have had to spend a large sum of my own money this summer and fall just to get the stations broadcast studio operating. The equipment in the studio is at best second rate. For example, the turntables should be replaced because they are not broadcast-grade turntables (ones which combine high quality and even more importantly, great durability and reliability).

The majority of the equipment is old and in need of repair. Also, improvements in the console, the wiring, and the record collection could be made if only Radio-Glendon had more money.

Thus the major problem is funding, or more precisely the lack of it. The main bulk of our funding comes from the Student Union, which allocates the budget to all of the student allocations. But, there is one problem - the Glendon College Student Union does not receive the majority of its own budget (from the university) until some time in November after a financial audit has been done by John Becker, Vice-President of Student Relations.

Perhaps the crux of our difficulties lies behind the University Administration itself. It seems every year the tuition fees increase, but the amount given to the Student Council (which in turn is taken from student fees) remains the same. The decision to increase the amount of money for the Student Council, and thus for all the student organizations, is the responsibility of the York University Board of Govenors, and they will certainly not want to increase it when there are only TWO(!) students on the Board. This is definitely a blatant discriminatory policy against students, since it does not allow them an equal say in decisions that directly or indirectly affect students.

For now Radio-Glendon will have to depend primarily on funding from O.C.S.U. Our fate lies in the hands of the Student Union, and let's hope they are enlightened enough to provide Radio-Glendon with a meager 7% of their 40,000 dollars they are receiving in November.

PART 1 of a two-part series. Next week: CKRG, and more!

Point Pelee For The Birds

par Sylvie St-Laurent

Quoi de mieux qu'une bonne fin de semaine en plein-air pour vous remettre de l'ennui de la semaine? Le Parc national Point Pelee, situé tout près de Leamington (Ontario) fut l'hôte, les 17 et 18 octobre derniers, d'une dizaine de passionnés de l'ornithologie du Club de Plein-air de Glendon.

Depuis des années, la pointe Pelee est renommée comme étant un excellent endroit pour observer les oiseaux, et les possibilités d'y trouver beaucoup d'oiseaux en grand nombre sont toujours nombreuses. Le point Pelee est le meilleur des lieux de observation privilégié sur le lac Érié, endroit le plus au sud du Canada.

Toujours est-il que ces jeunes gens désiraient plus que tout au monde, à ce moment bien sûr, observer quelques espèces d'oiseaux en migration: Grand Héron, Épervier brun, Foulque d'Amérique, d'autres encore. Mais ce fut peine perdue, nous ne vîmes que deux ou trois golfeaux et pas plus, à cause du vent froid.

Aucun de nos copains ou copines ne fut atteint d'une crise que je n'envisageais malgré le fait que notre but premier venait de tomber à l'eau. Point Pelee offre un éventail de ressources assez grand pour plaire à tout notre monde: le sentier de la nature, la forêt carolinienne, la plage est, les marais ainsi que la promenade des marécages. Certes, nos joyeux lurons ont été impressionnés par les connaissance de notre guide Marian, par le film sur Roger Tory Peterson au Centre d'accueil, et évidemment, par l'aspect enchanteur et sauvage de la pointe Pelee.

Troisième sortie du tout nouveau Club de Plein-air de Glendon. Point Pelee fut une expérience très enrichissante et surtout très relaxante. Sauf peut-être l'armée de copines qui fut une expérience que nous n'oublierons pas. Nous nous sommes retrouvés à la pointe Pelee.

Si jamais vos passions pour le plein-air vous rongent les os et le cœur, ou si votre tête fourmille d'idées mais vous pêchent... n'hésitez surtout pas à cogner à la porte D203 Wood; Julie Johnston se fera un plaisir de vous accueillir.

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JUNIOR COMMON ROOM

Wednesday October 28th 12:00 - 4:00
Constitutional Referendum

by Jordan Glick

On Oct. 14th & 15th, two hundred and ten members of the Glendon community, mostly students and a few faculty members and staff, took part in an informal but historical referendum on "the to-patriate or not-patriate" the constitution issue.

In the referendum, two questions were asked:
1. Do you agree with the constitutional package put forward by the federal government which consists of a constitution with an amending formula and a charter of rights?
2. Do you think that the federal government should patriate the constitution if it fails to get the consent of the provinces?

The monumental results of the referendum were 140 to 70 in favour of patriation. The Glendon’s Principal Garigue commented, "They (Glendon students and other Canadians) want to have their cake and eat it, too!" This writer tends to agree.

Glendon’s Hierarchy

by David Olivier

Over the weekend of the 16th-18th October, six of Glendon’s most articulate students represented the school at the annual University of Toronto debating tournament. Glendon was not the only school entered in the tournament; there were teams from both Canada and the United States, representing such schools as Osgood, McGill, RMC, Dalhousie, Yale, Harvard, Colgate, Columbia, and the Royal University of Bohemia (?).

Glendon entered three teams: Tennyson Ulysses and Janet DeYoung, who won 4 of their 5 debates, Elka Weinstein and the author, and Steve Maasland and Wayne Burnett. The Glendon teams and individuals acquitted themselves quite well in the face of stiff opposition in both the public-speaking and debating competitions, where such weighty questions as "Ignorance is Strength," All progress is brought about by madmen, The road to good intentions is paved with hell, and When the wombat gets here I’ll be gone were considered. Important thoughts for us all.

The tournament was eventually won by McGill, but the Glendon concerns were to have a good time.

The society would like to especially thank Sandy Scott and Pam Schmidt, who both took time from their busy weekends in order to serve as judges. There can be no debating without judges, so their efforts are appreciated and applauded.

For those interested in debating, the society often presents model debates in the JCR; come out and enjoy. See you there!

Switch Off Loblaws

By Kirsten Eastwood

It has become in recent years, a type of competition among large stores, malls and franchises to be the largest and therefore the best in the business. Such is the example of a recent scheme by Loblaws to introduce their latest and largest store ever into the residential serenity of North York.

Loblaws is hoping to absorb into its already large empire, a site on Yonge St. between Lawrence Ave. and York Mills Rd. at the top of the hill leading down to York Mills. It is at the present moment, occupied by York Mills Pontiac-Buick car dealership, a 3½ story apartment building and an old TTC bus loop. The original plan was to construct Senior Citizen’s Housing to be financed by the Metro Toronto Housing Company. Unfortunately, Loblaws was able to persuade the applicants supporting the proposed housing project, to exchange the York Mills site for two present Loblaws-owned pieces of land further south, at Yonge and St. Unfortunately, the Loblaws proposal is supported by the North York council although the impact will be less on residents of North York than those of Toronto.

Although Loblaws plans on getting a good deal of its business from the neighbourhood, a recent survey showed that 86% of the residents opposed the proposal. Therefore if the new building is approved, Loblaws does establish itself in the proposed site, I doubt whether it will find much business from the rate-payers of the area. Rather than switching to Loblaws, people will be switching it off.

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Mingo & Knights Inspire Madness

By Lisa Kamerling

Sitting in my luxurious residence room at mid-night, only hours before this article must be handed in, I am here reading over last year's Pro tem. Various staff at this year's Pro tem might find this action of mine rather, to say the least, unfaithful: not only is precious time running out, but I am lending it to last year's editions.

But alas, my endeavours are not without good reason (ancient philosophy rep's are never without good reason). To get on with this (before the editor shoves his own reason down my throat) I would like to say that last year's Pro tem was like a breath of...no, I mean, they brought back memories.

Let's get serious now, shall we? I think that many Glendonites also have fantastic memories (be they male or female) and that recapturing these memories of years spent at Glendon College was the aim 'au fond' of the cabaret inspired Madness, presented by the renowned Mingo and Knight's last Friday and Saturday nights in the theatre.

Mingo and Knights put together a special alumni package for all those cute and wonderful alumni (some of which have even defected to the United States) who have been wandering through the not-so-hallowed halls of Glendon and York campuses during York's annual homecoming week. (Does anyone really know what the word 'hallowed' means? I looked it up and it means sacred.)

The show that Catherine Knights and Pamela Mingo along with pianist Jordan Klapman presented was a first-rate satire on the typical female York student. This is to say, upper-middle class, looking for a man, trying to be liberated but intelligent at the same time and also, trying to be tree chic. (Well, one can say that of course, one's own friends here at Glendon are not all at like that.) They started off with a tune called 'The Designers' which portrayed the problems that students experience nowadays with inflation: Pierre Cardin and Yves St. Laurent are getting costlier and costlier but we must continue to wear them because they are oh-so-chic. 'Kitty and Mitzi go to College' was a perfect song not only for the stereotype of Hilliard girls but also for a certain type of girl that can be found at York Main. Kitty and Mitzi, two rich bitches, come to Glendon to try to find a man. They meet each other later on in life at a party during 'Kitty and Mitzi Grow up' and both girls are as catty as ever. Toughsky to be Rasky Female was just superb. There was a not so gracious reference made to the chiropractors living at Glendon in the song 'The Miss Nancy Show'. The remark was that a chiropractor would never know the difference between a ventriloquist's wooden dummy and a real flesh and blood person. Tsk, tsk girls.

Pamela Mingo did a good imitation of Queen Elizabeth in the address called 'HRH the Queen', wherein she satirized the marriage of Prince Charles and Lady Diana. It was funny hearing the Queen reveal her secrets on what she does to turn on Prince Philip.

Pamela Mingo's rendition of George Gershwin's song Summertime was beautifully sung in an imitation of a black woman's voice. I think that Cathy Knight's placards for girls but also for a certain type of girl that can be found at York Main. Kitty and Mitzi, two rich bitches, come to Glendon to try to find a man. They meet each other later on in life at a party during 'Kitty and Mitzi Grow up' and both girls are as catty as ever. Toughsky to be Rasky Female was just superb. There was a not so gracious reference made to the chiropractors living at Glendon in the song 'The Miss Nancy Show'. The remark was that a chiropractor would never know the difference between a ventriloquist's wooden dummy and a real flesh and blood person. Tsk, tsk girls.

Both Catherine and Pamela's voices are strong and they compliment each other well. Their theme of going down memory lane was well sustained throughout the show. The quality of their show was very professional and it would be nice to see Mingo and Knights actually do a professional interpretation of their humour of their interpretation of the song.

The following are a list of prominent criticisms of Glendon's athletic program.

1. There is no active recruitment, ie, there is a lack of liaison between Glendon community and the Field House.
2. No attempts have been made to establish permanent inter-college teams.
3. There is no communication between students and the Field House regarding the construction of new facilities.
4. Over the years, few house-leagues have been established.
5. When events are organized, they are sporadic and lack cohesion.

In order to alleviate these problems, the students on Faculty Council will recommend in today's Faculty Council meeting that a standing committee on Glendon's Athletics be struck. This committee we hope will act as a liaison between the Glendon community and the Proctor Field House. In this way, we can be better informed as to the best ways to improve Glendon's athletic program. Students and Faculty input can only be better than the program which has been crippled over the years. It is our hope to revitalize this facility in order that it can be geared towards the Glendon community.

Field House Problems

By Susan Asa

The Annual Glendon College Invitational Marathon brought an old problem to the forefront. It was unfortunate that last Saturday's (Oct. 17) event brought out the old lack-luster attitude which has prevailed over the years on the part of those administering Glendon's athletic program. The problem in the past, as was apparent Saturday, has been and continues to be one of initiative. When the burden of initiative has fallen on the administration of the Field House, it has been less than successful.

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The Morning After With Mingo & Knights

Mingo and Knights by Erik Schasmin and Francesca Meers

Last Sunday, Oct. 16, an interview was held between Pam Mingo and Cathy Knights and the intrepid reporters from Radio-Glendon and Pro tem.

Mingo and Knights started in 1977. It seems Pam and Cathy had gone to the same high school out west, (although at different times), had heard of one another, and had been prepared to dislike one another for years.

The results were very different. Pam and Cathy met while auditioning for a cabaret and got along instantly.

"...we got along so well in the first show (we did) and we clicked and worked off each other in such a...insistently, said Cathy.

They approached the woman in charge of the cabaret at York Main and asked if they could do a show there. She said there was a date open two weeks from then... and Mingo and Knights were started. Knights were started.
Marathon Man
by Vincent Ball

This is probably the most successful event we have run all year," said Clarke in an interview. We were extremely pleased with the better participation from the Glendon community, she added.

Glendon students as well as members of the faculty got into the act and the men's faculty team managed to finish in fourth spot with a time of three hours and three minutes. The women's faculty finished with a time of just under four hours.

A team of high school kids from outside the college won the marathon with a record time of two hours and seventeen minutes, while a men's masters (over 40 years of age) team finished second.

The only problem with the race was that some people got lost, yours truly found that out by climbing up the Lawrence Ave E hill. For those of you unfamiliar with it, it is affectionately nicknamed Cardiac Hill, for those Glendon joggers who are self-hating masochists.

Running up cardiac hill is much like trying to run uphill on N. Tower. The hill goes straight up and there doesn't seem to be any end in sight.

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Glendon students as well as members of the faculty got into the act and the men's faculty team managed to finish in fourth spot with a time of three hours and three minutes. The women's faculty finished with a time of just under four hours.

A team of high school kids from outside the college won the marathon with a record time of two hours and seventeen minutes, while a men's masters (over 40 years of age) team finished second.

The only problem with the race was that some people got lost, yours truly found that out by climbing up the Lawrence Ave E hill. For those of you unfamiliar with it, it is affectionately nicknamed Cardiac Hill, for those Glendon joggers who are self-hating masochists.

Running up cardiac hill is much like trying to run uphill on N. Tower. The hill goes straight up and there doesn't seem to be any end in sight.

Yeoman?
by Andrew Fox

This is exactly the point of my article. What is a Yeoman? Who are the Yeoman? Is this York University? Is Glendon a part of York University?

To many Glendonites York main is merely a distant place where books are kept or where one can take a night course.

At York main there are varsity teams that play other universities. We, as Glendon students are eligible to play on these teams, but who knows about them? We, as Glendon students are also allowed to watch them and even cheer for them.

No, I am not trying to suggest that Glendon become tied to York main by any means. I am merely trying point out that many traditions, like varsity sports are lacking at Glendon and we, as Glendon students have thrivt to know about them in time to participate, rather than read about them in Low calibur.

By the way, Yeomen is the call name for any varsity team at York. Go Yeomen Go!

Expos
by Vincent Ball

After a thrilling end to the split baseball season, after an even more thrilling play-off to decide the National League East division champions, the Montreal Expos have finally run out of tomorrows. At least for this season.

Not since the 1972 hockey showdown series featuring Canada and the USSR has a single sporting event brought so many people together. Canadian people that is.

After finishing first in the National Leagues east division the Expos, suddenley became Canada's team. Isn't it strange that two weeks before the end of the season the Expos were just another baseball team fighting for a chance at the National League pennant? Once they earned that chance, it was amazing how many people jumped on the bandwagon to support a collection of American athletes playing an American game.

Perhaps this attitude is unjust and perhaps it should't be applied at all. But one cannot help but be pessimistic when one's country's patriotic spirit can only be seen in an imported game featuring imported players; for profit money based on an import ed economy.

Yes, indeed it is a sad commentary when a country has to import its patriotism also.

Health Foods Cost
by Andrew Fox

Hey kids, don't coze that Coke or those chips, buy 120k and anice fresh muffin!

Hurray! But be prepared to pay big bucks for it! A large coke and a bag of chips here at Beaver would cost you 84 cents where a large milk (same quantity) and a muffin would cost you $1.60, about double the price.

Okay, would cost you $1.60, rather than at 50.

Next time you see that poster for a 'all cool glass of milk think that you might have to sell your overpriced textbooks to get it.

You can pay Beaver now, or pay the dentist later. That seems to be the call, name for any health foods quantity)

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